CASE OF HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA TYPE II WITH ATOPICALLY CHANGED ORGANISM REACTIVITY

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Summary. The produced clinical case in a woman of 33 years old is an example of hereditary angioedema and atopically changed organism reactivity rare combination. The typical manifestations of the hereditary angioedema (subcutaneous angioedema, severe abdominal pain, or acute airway obstruction) were caused by laboratory-confirmed functional C1-inhibitor deficiency. Atopically changed organism reactivity was clinically revealed by the urticaria. Sensibilization for some allergens and IgE increased levels were laboratory found out. Besides that, the patient had mental stress.

Key words: hereditary angioedema, C1-inhibitor, functional deficiency, atopically changed organism reactivity.