

EFFICACY OF TREATMENT OF COMMUNITY-ACQUIRED PNEUMONIA IN PATIENTS WITH RISK FACTORS

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Summary. The actual problems of therapy of community-acquired pneumonia (CAP) in patients with risk factors — alcohol dependence, smoking and history of viral hepatitis type B or C are described. The high efficacy of therapy with levofloxacin and antiinflammatory respiratory agent fenspirid of patients with CAP with risk factor is proved. High efficacy and good tolerability of these agents allow to recommend their inclusion in the standard scheme of the therapy of patients with CAP with risk factor. It will improve clinical outcome of disease and treatment results.

Key words: *efficacy, community-acquired pneumonia, risk factors, treatment, levofloxacin, fenspirid.*