

XYLAT IN INFUSION THERAPY OF CLINICAL SYNDROMES OF SEVERE SURGICAL SEPSIS

A.N. Nesterenko

Summary. With the purpose of study of efficiency of Xylat in infusion therapy of clinical syndromes of surgical sepsis the complex examination of 40 patients with a severe surgical sepsis in age from 19 to 74 years on the stages of intensive care had been done. Clinical efficiency of Xylat in the complex of intensive care of syndromes of endogenous intoxication, of hypercatabolism, of microcirculatory-mitochondrial distress, of multiple organ dysfunctions had been statistically proved.

Key words: *severe surgical sepsis, endotoxycosis, hypercatabolism, microcirculatory-mitochondrial distress, multiple organ dysfunctions, Xylat.*