

EFFICIENCY OF REOSORBILACT IN CASES OF ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE

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Summary. The paper analyzes the results of the examination and treatment of 85 patients with a diagnosis of ischemic heart disease (IHD): stable angina FC II–III with no signs of heart failure. Study group on the background of basic therapy (beta-blocker, aspirin, lipid-lowering agents, nitrates on request) took Reosorbilact (5 infusions of 200 ml a day), the patients of the control group received only the standard treatment. Proved that Reosorbilact is effective in correcting hemovaskulary homeostasis in patients suffering from ischemic artery disease.

Keywords: *ischemic heart disease, Reosorbilact, blood viscosity, hemovaskulary homeostasis, index of platelet aggregation.*