

THE COMPARATIVE CHARACTERISTIC OF INFUSION SOLUTIONS IN PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE OF ACUTE RENAL FAILURE IN OBSTETRICS

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Summary. In the study participated 27 women who had a massive blood loss III and IV. Infusion therapy in the postoperative period carried 0,9 % sodium chloride and 6 % solution of Sorbilact or 6 % solution Hekodez. Comparative evaluation of the dynamics of the main indicators of homeostasis against introduction of different infusion patients with massive blood loss showed that the use of Sorbilact infusion program in the prevention of postoperative complications is more pronounced positive effect on major support system in comparison with 0,9 % sodium chloride.

Keywords: *massive blood loss, infusion therapy, Sorbilact.*