

THE INFLUENCE OF RHEOSORBILACT ON RHEOLOGICAL BLOOD PROPERTIES IN PATIENTS WITH CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE AND CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE BRONCHITIS

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Summary

The influence of rheosorbilact on blood rheological properties during single intravenous infusion have been studied in patients with coronary artery disease (11) and chronic obstructive bronchitis (4). The preparation of glucose-insulin-potassium mixture (GIP) was used as a comparator medicine. In contrast to the GIP rheosorbilact reduced blood viscosity and erythrocytes aggregation. Thus rheosorbilact can be recommended in complex therapy of patients with the disturbances of microcirculation