

FUNCTIONAL CHANGES OF THYROID GLAND, THYREOTROPIC FUNCTION OF THE HYPOPHYSIS AND EFFECT OF CORTISOL IN CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE ELDERLY PATIENTS

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Summary

Optimization of thyroid homeostasis and glucocorticoid function in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, experiencing systemic inflammation and ventilation-perfusion hypoxia, occurs by means of iodothyroninemia and hypothyroxinemia, which increase the function of metabolic adaptation.