

A RARE CASE OF PULMONARY HISTOPLASMOMA

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Abstract

Histoplasmosis in human belongs to the group of visceral mycoses, being either as acute or chronic infection, manifesting mostly by pulmonary lesions. Histoplasma causes several clinical syndromes such as primary histoplasmosis and disseminated disease. Clinical symptoms of disease vary and depend on character of process (primary or secondary) and immunity/allergy status of a patient. The cases of long persistence of large pulmonary histoplasmosis are very rare. A literature reports on giant pulmonary histoplasmosis are sporadic.

Current report presents the case of giant conglomerate pulmonary histoplasmosis successfully diagnosed and treated.

Key words: pulmonary histoplasmosis, diagnosis, surgical treatment.

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