MODERN VIEW ON THE USE OF MOXIFLOXACIN IN TREATMENT OF PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS

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Abstract

The prevalence of tuberculosis in Ukraine determines the need to increase efficiency and reduce the terms of treatment. The development of new effective anti-tuberculosis drugs and treatment regimens, being a global necessity, can significantly reduce the treatment time. Among the latest generation fluoroquinolones, moxifloxacin is considered the most promising for tuberculosis management. A number of studies shows that moxifloxacin can be administered for reduction of terms of treatment in patients with resistance to standard chemotherapy drugs. However finally it has not been approved: further research is needed. In recently offered combinations moxifloxacin may occupy a key position in terms of reducing the duration of treatment both in susceptible and difficult-to-treat cases of tuberculosis.

Key words: tuberculosis, chemotherapy, fluoroquinolones, moxifloxacin.

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